### FY 2002 Amended Budget Submission

**Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA)** 



June 2001

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# DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide FY 2002 Amended Budget Submission Appropriation Highlights (\$ in Thousands)

In March of 2000 the Defense Contract Management Command was named a separate Joint Combat Support Agency and became the Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA). As an agency, DCMA transferred associated support resources from the Defense Logistics Agency beginning in late FY 2000. As a result of this transition DCMA is now aligned under the Principal Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology and Logistics).

The critical requirements that justified establishing DCMA as a separate Agency included: the combat support mission; the size, scope and complexity of the organization; comparable organization placement with Senior Acquisition Executives; the need for independent oversight; and the elimination of a management layer. The Agency's role as a combat support organization is the most important mission. DCMA's combat support responsibilities include: contingency and wartime planning with the CINCs; maintaining effective training and force preparation for deployed operations such as Bosnia and Kosovo; deployment with military forces to support contingency operations; support of joint exercises; and mobilizing defense industry support of CINC operations.

The Defense Contract Management Agency's operation and maintenance appropriation consists of the following activities: Defense Contract Management Districts East, West and International, the Defense Contract Management Agency Headquarters, the Business Support Unit, Special Programs, and the Standard Procurement System (SPS) totaling \$.95 billion and 11,921 full time equivalents. DCMA provides contract management services throughout the acquisition life cycle to include contractor compliance with contract terms; accepting products; providing program and technical support; and ensuring that contractors are paid. The Standard Procurement System is the new DoD-wide standard system that will replace Service and Defense Logistics Agency legacy procurement systems.

# DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide FY 2002 Amended Budget Submission Appropriation Highlights (\$ in Thousands)

	FY 2000 Actuals	Foreign Currency Variance	Price Growth	Program Growth	FY 2001 Estimates	Foreign Currency Variance	Price Growth	Program Growth	FY 2002 Estimates
Budget Activity 4: Admin. & Serv. Act.	963,921		31,699	-77,736	917,884		29,233	1,815	948,932
Total	963,921		31,699	-77,736	917,884		29,233	1,815	948,932

Budget Activity 4 reflects funding in support of the Contract Management Agency as well as funding in support of the Standard Procurement System. The O&M appropriation funds the contracts, supplies, equipment maintenance, communications, salaries, awards, personnel, benefits, travel, per diem, and training in support of these programs. This budget activity's decreases are primarily attributable to decreases in the civilian personnel workforce. Increases in this budget activity are associated with the Agency's facility support requirements and its equipment replacement initiatives.

Footnote: FY00 actual obligations reflected in this submission are included in the Defense Logistics Agency FY00 base and are therefore also included in the DLA justification materials.

### DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide FY 2002 Amended Budget Submit Summary of Increases and Decreases

	<u>DCMA</u>	SPS	<u>Total</u>
1. FY 2001 President's Budget	0	0	0
2. Congressional Adjustments (Distributed) Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	0	0	0
3. Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed) Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	0	0	0
4. Congressional Earmarks  Total Congressional Earmarks	0	0	0
5. FY 2001 Appropriated Amount	0	0	0
6. FY 2001 Recission	-2,036	0	-2,036
7. Functional Transfers - In  Transfer of funding from the Defense Logistics Agency associated with the Defense Contract Management Agency	th 913,842	11,843	925,685
Total Functional Transfers - In	913,842	11,843	925,685
8. Other Transfers - In (Non-Functional) Total Other Transfers - In (Non-Functional)	0		0
9. Functional Transfers - Out Total Functional Transfers - Out			0
10. Other Functional Transfers Out			
11. Price Changes	0	0	0
12. Program Increases Total Program Increases	0	0	0
13. Program Decreases  Reduction in civilian personnel funding to reflect a lower cost base  Total Program Decreases	-5,765 -5,765	0	-5,765 -5,765

### DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide FY 2002 Amended Budget Submit Summary of Increases and Decreases

14.	FY 2001 Current Estimate	906,041	11,843	917,884
15.	Price Growth	29,178	55	29,233
16.	Functional Transfers - In Total Functional Transfers - In	0	0	0
17.	Functional Transfers - Out Total Functional Transfers Out	0	0	0
18.	Program Increases  a. Stabilization of funding associated with PC replacment and non ADP e  b. Increase in SPS product maintenance  c. Increase in DISA processing costs associated with SPS  d. Increase in maintenance associated with the Shared Data Warehouse  e. Increase in contracting costs associated with Command initiatives  f. Increase in estimated labor costs  Total Program Increases	3,878 0 0 0 2,356 0 6,234	0 367 156 167 0 4 694	3,878 367 156 167 2,356 4 6,928
19.	Program Decreases  a. Decrease associated with FTE reductions and projected change in avera  b. Decrease in Security Services projection to reflect actual funding le  c. Decrease in other support costs  d. Decrease in mission travel funding for savings initiatives associated  e. Decrease in mission travel funding for military and civilian pay rais  Total Program Decreases	-2,398 -7 0 -2,095 -600 -5,100	0 0 -9 0 0 -9	-2,398 -7 -9 -2,095 -600 -5,109
20.	FY 2002 Budget Request	936,353	12,583	948,936

### DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide Fy 2002 Amended Budget Submission PERSONNEL SUMMARY

				Change	Change
	FY 2000	FY 2001	FY 2002	FY 00/FY 01	FY 01/FY 02
Civilian End Strength (Total)	12,419	11,894	11,892	(525)	(2)
U.S. Direct Hire	12,312	11,787	11,785	(525)	(2)
Foreign National Direct Hire	88	88	88	0	0
Total Direct Hire	12,400	11,875	11,873	(525)	(2)
Foreign National Indirect Hire	19	19	19	0	0
(Reimbursable Civilians Included Above - Memo)	1,625	1,266	1,183	(359)	(83)
Civilian Full Time Equivalent (FTE) (Total)	12,367	12,099	11,921	(268)	(178)
U.S. Direct Hire	12,260	11,992	11,814	(268)	(178)
Foreign National Direct Hire	88	88	88	0	0
Total Direct Hire	12,348	12,080	11,902	(268)	(178)
Foreign National Indirect Hire	19	19	19	0	0
(Reimbursable Civilians Included Above - Memo)	1,625	1,266	1,183	(359)	(83)

Footnote: FY 00 actuals reflected in this submission are included in the Defense Logistics Agency FY 00 base.

### DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide FY 2002 Amended Budget Submission

### Summary of Price and Program (Dollars in Thousands)

Foreign FY 2000 Currency Price Growth FY 2001 Program Program Rate Difference Percent Amount Growth Program CIVILIAN PERSONNEL COMPENSATION 101 Executive, General & Special Schedule 0 0 0.04 745,315 745,315 103 Wage Board 0 0.04 387 387 104 Foreign National Direct Hire (FNDH) Ω n 0.04 0 3,796 3,796 Separation Liability (FNDH) 105 0.04 47 47 106 Benefits to Former Employees 0 0 0.04 0 126 126 111 Disability Compensation 0 0.04 0 3,976 3,976 199 TOTAL CIVILIAN PERSONNEL COMPENSATION 0 0 753,647 753,647 TRAVEL Travel of Persons 0 308 0 0.02 32,711 32,711 0 399 TOTAL TRAVEL 32,711 32,711 SUPPLIES & MATERIALS PURCHASES 499 TOTAL SUPPLIES & MATERIALS PURCHASES 0 0 0 0 **EQUIPMENT PURCHASES** 599 0 0 0 0 0 TOTAL FUND EQUIPMENT PURCHASES OTHER FUND PURCHASES (EXCLUDE TRANSPORTATION) DISA Information Services 647 0 0 -0.106,098 6,098 DLA Information Services 0 0.02 0 671 Communication Services (DISA) Tier 2 0 0 0.16 0 8,819 8,819 673 Defense Finance and Accounting Services 0 n 0.01 0 4,983 4,983 Ω 0.02 677 Communication Services (DISA) Tier 1 n 0 760 760 Defense Security Service 678 0 0 0.02 0 461 461 0 699 TOTAL PURCHASES 21,121 21,121 CIVILIAN PERSONNEL COMPENSATION (TRANSPORTATION)

0

0

Footnote: FY00 actuals reflected in this submission are included in the Defense Logistics Agency FY00 base

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771

799

Commercial Transportation

TOTAL TRANSPORTATION

	Foreign			
FY 2000	Currency	Price Growth	Program	FY 20

0.02

0

3,028

3,028

3,028

3,028

0

0

## DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide FY 2002 Amended Budget Submission Summary of Price and Program (Dollars in Thousands)

		<u>Program</u>	Rate Difference	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Growth</u>	<u>Program</u>
С	THER PURCHASES						
901	Foreign National Indirect Hire (FNIH)	0	0	0.04	0	845	845
912	Rental Payments to GSA (SLUC)	0	0	0.02	0	16,594	16,594
913	Purchased Utilities (non-Fund)	0	0	0.02	0	414	414
914	Purchased Communications (non-Fund)	0	0	0.02	0	8,428	8,428
915	Rents (non-GSA)	0	0	0.02	0	1,482	1,482
917	Postal Services (U.S.P.S.)	0	0	0.02	0	745	745
920	Supplies & Materials (non-Fund)	0	0	0.02	0	10,791	10,791
921	Printing and Reproduction	0	0	0.02	0	564	564
922	Equipment Maintenance by Contract	0	0	0.02	0	1,125	1,125
923	Facility Maintenance by Contract	0	0	0.02	0	717	717
925	Equipment Purchases (non-Fund)	0	0	0.02	0	27,135	27,135
932	Management & Professional Support Services	0	0	0.02	0	1,196	1,196
933	Studies, Analysis, & Evaluations	0	0	0.02	0	492	492
989	Other Contracts	0	0	0.02	0	36,718	36,718
998	Other Costs	0	0	0.02	0	131	131
999	TOTAL OTHER PURCHASES	0	0		0	107,377	107,377
9999	TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE	0	0		0	917,884	917,884

### DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide

#### FY 2002 Amended Budget Submission Summary of Price and Program

(Dollars in Thousands)

			Foreign				
		FY 2001	Currency	Price (	<u>Growth</u>	Program	FY 2002
		Program	Rate Difference	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Growth</u>	Program
	CIVILIAN PERSONNEL COMPENSATION		_				
101	Executive, General & Special Schedule	745,315	0	0.04	27,017	(2,398)	769,934
103	Wage Board	387	0	0.04	14	0	401
104	Foreign National Direct Hire (FNDH)	3,796	0	0.04	138	0	3,934
105	Separation Liability (FNDH)	47	0	0.04	2	0	49
106	Benefits to Former Employees	126	0	0.00	0	0	126
111	Disability Compensation	3,976	0	0.00	0	0	3,976
199	TOTAL CIVILIAN PERSONNEL COMPENSATION	753,647	0		27,171	(2,398)	778,420
	TRAVEL						
308	Travel of Persons	32,711	0	0.02	524	(2,695)	30,540
399	TOTAL TRAVEL	32,711	0		524	(2,695)	30,540
	SUPPLIES & MATERIALS PURCHASES						
499	TOTAL SUPPLIES & MATERIAL PURCHASES	0	0		0	0	0
	EOUIPMENT PURCHASES						
599	TOTAL FUND EQUIPMENT PURCHASES	0	0		0	0	0
333	TOTAL FUND EQUIPMENT PURCHASES	U	U		U	O	O
	OTHER FUND PURCHASES (EXCLUDE TRANSPORTATION	<u>)</u>					
647	DISA Information Services	6,098	0	-0.06	(969)	156	5,285
650	DLA Information Services	0	0	0.00	0	0	0
671	Communication Services (DISA) Tier 2	8,819	0	0.00	1,217	0	10,036
673	Defense Finance and Accounting Services	4,983	0	0.05	(234)	0	4,749
677	Communication Services (DISA) Tier 1	760	0	0.00	0	0	760
678	Defense Security Service	461	0	0.00	7	(7)	461
699	TOTAL PURCHASES	21,121	0		21	149	21,291
	CIVILIAN PERSONNEL COMPENSATION (TRANSPORTAT:	TON)					
771	Commercial Transportation	3,028	0	0.02	48	0	3,076
799	TOTAL TRANSPORTATION	3,028	0	0.02	48	0	3,076
,,,,		5,020	J		10	J	3,370

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	Foreign			
FY 2001	Currency	Price Growth	Program	FY 2002

## DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide FY 2002 Amended Budget Submission Summary of Price and Program (Dollars in Thousands)

		<u>Program</u>	Rate Difference	<u>Percent</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Growth</u>	Program
<u>0</u>	THER PURCHASES						
901	Foreign National Indirect Hire (FNIH)	845	0	0.04	31	0	876
912	Rental Payments to GSA (SLUC)	16,594	0	0.15	0	0	16,594
913	Purchased Utilities (non-Fund)	414	0	0.02	7	0	421
914	Purchased Communications (non-Fund)	8,428	0	0.02	135	0	8,563
915	Rents (non-GSA)	1,482	0	0.02	24	0	1,506
917	Postal Services (U.S.P.S.)	745	0	0.00	12	0	757
920	Supplies & Materials (non-Fund)	10,791	0	0.02	172	0	10,963
921	Printing and Reproduction	564	0	0.02	9	0	573
922	Equipment Maintenance by Contract	1,125	0	0.02	18	167	1,310
923	Facility Maintenance by Contract	717	0	0.02	11	0	728
925	Equipment Purchases (non-Fund)	27,135	0	0.02	434	4,245	31,814
932	Management & Professional Support Services	1,196	0	0.02	19	0	1,215
933	Studies, Analysis, & Evaluations	492	0	0.02	8	0	500
989	Other Contracts	36,718	0	0.02	587	2,347	39,652
998	Other Costs	131	0	0.02	2	0	133
999	TOTAL OTHER PURCHASES	107,377	0		1,469	6,759	115,605
9999	TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE	917,884	0		29,233	1,815	948,932

#### I. Description of Operations Financed:

Contract Management Services (CMS):

In March of 2000 the Defense Contract Management Command was named a separate Joint Combat Support Agency and became the Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA). As an agency, DCMA transferred associated support resources from the Defense Logistics Agency beginning in late FY 2000. As a result of this transition DCMA is now aligned under the Principal Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology and Logistics).

The critical requirements that justified establishing DCMA as a separate Agency included: the combat support mission; the size, scope and complexity of the organization; comparable organization placement with Senior Acquisition Executives; the need for independent oversight; and the elimination of a management layer. The Agency's role as a combat support organization is the most important mission. DCMA's combat support responsibilities include: contingency and wartime planning with the CINCs; maintaining effective training and force preparation for deployed operations such as Bosnia and Kosovo; deployment with military forces to support contingency operations; support of joint exercises; and mobilizing defense industry support of CINC operations.

The Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA) provides customer-focused contract management services throughout the acquisition life cycle, around the clock, around the world. As DoD's independent CMS agent, DCMA represents the interests of the Government with industry, thereby protecting the rights of the Government, obtaining maximum value for taxpayers' dollars and providing responsive support to the Military Departments as well as to civilian agency customers. DCMA's major responsibilities are: ensuring contractor compliance with cost, delivery, technical, quality and other terms of contracts assigned for administration; accepting products and services on behalf of the Government; providing program and technical support; and ensuring that contractors are paid. DCMA serves as DoD's information broker in contractors' plants worldwide, providing the Military Departments and civilian agency customers with invaluable insight in both preaward and postaward contract management.

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (con't):

DCMA aims to be the provider of choice for contract management for the Department of Defense and a valued customer to our suppliers. DCMA's strategic objectives include: providing the right item at the right time for the right price, teaming with our business partners to achieve customer results, accelerating acquisition excellence by applying commercial processes and practices, leveraging information technology to improve business results, investing to develop and sustain the right talent, and building and maintaining a positive work environment.

The Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA) has made major reductions in staffing between FY 1991 and FY 2000. This budget continues that trend and reflects a reduction of 450 full-time equivalents (FTEs) from FY 2000 to FY 2002. These reductions are possible through efficiencies DCMA has achieved as a result of our activity-based management and risk management efforts. These efforts allow DCMA to recognize and resource critical mission increases, such as requirements resulting from the Space BAR, at the same time total resources are reduced. This budget also reflects changes to the cost of labor driven by locality pay increases and workforce demographics.

In FY 2001 funding associated with the transfer of DCMA reimbursed resources from DLA to DCMA resulted in the realignment of funding from the labor object class to several nonlabor categories. This adjustment has resulted in the shift of approximately \$14M from the corporate subactivity group to labor, travel, supplies, and other contracts. Also reflected in the DCMA current estimate is the substantial reduction in reimbursable earnings from FY 2000 to FY 2002 driven by decreases in Foreign Military Sales.

#### DCMA Initiatives:

To better support the nation's warfighters, DCMA strives to continually improve efficiency and effectiveness of its business processes. The use of Information Technology (IT) is a

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (con't):

major component of DCMA's success in this area. DCMA must provide the IT tools its workforce require to perform their job and produce superior results.

Specifically, these efforts include applications that impact such vital DoD acquisition business matters as Preaward Surveys of prospective contractors, contract price negotiation, material acceptances, contractor payment, and workload assignments and management. Visibility of key data and information at the team level supports performance based management, allowing teams to self direct the application of limited resources to the appropriate priorities.

Ultimately, DCMA's customers, the Military Departments and Agencies, benefit from these efforts because of increased access to information such as contractor delivery status, manufacturing progress, quality assurance metrics, status of negotiations with contractors, and faster and more accurate payments to contractors. DCMA customers will be better able to anticipate contract performance difficulties and work with DCMA to resolve them before they impact the war fighter.

The most significant change in the IT initiatives budget is the FY 2001 realignment of funds from Operation and Maintenance (O&M) to Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (RDT&E) and Procurement Defense-Wide (PDW). The realignment of funds was necessary to conform to Information Technology (IT) budgeting policy language contained in the FY 2000 House Appropriations Committee Report (106-244).

#### DCMA Infrastructure:

IT infrastructure is vital to DCMA's mission and successful implementation of its initiatives. DCMA's technical architecture defines the computing and communications environment required to meet these goals. As new mission needs and business requirements are identified, DCMA updates its technical architecture.

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (con't):

IT Infrastructure covers the technical architecture (e.g., desktop computers, Local Area Networks (LANs), LAN servers, operating systems, wide area telecommunications, and system management utilities) needed to deploy, run, and productively use DoD-wide and DCMA-unique mission software applications, the Defense Messaging System, office productivity applications (e.g., Microsoft Office), and Knowledge Management and workgroup collaboration tools. As new mission needs and business requirements are identified, DCMA updates its technical architecture. An illustrative example of just such a technical architecture update is the Agency's migration from client/server applications and systems to Worldwide Web-based applications supported by a DCMA Integrated Database/Data Mart. This change will allow us to improve our Information Assurance capabilities, implement DoD's mandated X.509 Public Key Infrastructure (i.e., digital identification and signature certificates and tokens, with secure data transmission protocols), support DoD's Electronic Business/Electronic Commerce initiatives, and successfully manage the transition mandated by Defense Reform Initiative Directive (DRID) #53 from the legacy Mechanization of Contract Administration Services (MOCAS) contract management and payment environment to the "To Be" Cross Functional Procurement and Financial Management Process.

This update will also lower our database administration requirements, reduce our software deployment and maintenance costs, increase our adaptability to rapidly changing business and mission requirements, and dramatically reduce the time needed to field new functionalities. Additionally, this update will allow us to better centrally manage our systems resources for improved reliability and reduced maintenance expenses.

To keep up with the increases in computing power necessitated by successive new generations of operating systems and Commercial-Off-The-Shelf (COTS) software, as well as to facilitate our transition to Web-based applications and improved central system management, DCMA has embarked on a program to replace one-third of its desktop personal computers and LAN servers each year. This replacement cycle is completely in line with industry experience and practice, where it has been found to dramatically lower maintenance costs, improve system and

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (con't):

network reliability, and keeps up with increases in computing power required by new and expanded software missions and functionalities. (Also, many IT systems components begin routinely failing at the three year mark. By then, the replacements for the "failed" parts often represent obsolete products or technologies—which has the perverse effect of raising the replacements' prices, since they are almost always out of production and therefore relatively scarce. On the other hand, new systems usually feature three-year warranties, parts and labor included.)

#### DLA Corporate Allocation:

The DLA was made up of six different business areas, one of which was the DCMA. In addition to budgeting for the core mission, each business area must budgeted for an allocation of the costs for DLA's corporate organizations. The corporate organizations included the Office of the Comptroller, Civilian Personnel, Administrative Support Center, and General Council. The allocation of corporate costs was based on each business areas "earnings". In the case of DCMA, the Operations and Maintenance appropriation is considered the earnings. DCMA budgeted for 6.3 percent of DLA's corporate costs. Starting in late FY 2000, due to transfer of these support FTEs from DLA to DCMA, DCMA will no longer reimburse DLA for these costs. These costs will be encompassed within the CMS subactivity operating budget.

#### Contingency Operations:

Since 1993, DCMA has deployed over 400 people to efforts in Haiti, Rwanda, Bosnia, Kosovo, and many other locations. DCMA oversees the Brown and Root Sustainment contract, which provides base camp construction and maintenance in both Bosnia and Kosovo as well as surrounding countries. This contract covers water, latrines, food services, laundry, base camp maintenance, cargo and mail handling, power generation, waste management, and vehicle maintenance. Contingency funding supports civilian overtime, TDY, and pre-deployment training.

#### I. Description of Operations Financed (con't):

Reimbursable Earnings:

DCMA performs Contract Management Services (CMS) on a reimbursable basis for non-DoD customers. Most of this reimbursable work, including support of Foreign Military Sales (FMS), the National Aeronautical Space Administration (NASA) and other civilian agency customers, is billed monthly at a standard annual rate. Outside CONUS (OCONUS) reimbursable work (limited in scope) is primarily reimbursed on an actual cost basis.

Contract Management Services (CMS) hours in support of FMS in the Continental United States (CONUS) are computed based on an annual ratio of FMS contract disbursements to total contract disbursements and account for 52 percent of the DCMA's reimbursable budget. In FY 1999 the FMS annual ratio was 13.23 percent. The ratio decreased to 10.2 percent in FY 2000, resulting in a decrease of approximately 400 personnel. In FY 2001, the approved FMS annual ratio is 7.27 percent less and results in further decreases in FMS earnings of approximately \$28 million between FYS 2000 and 2001. We anticipate that the FMS annual ratio for FY 2002 will continue the declining trend, resulting in further significant decreases in FMS earnings. The majority of the decrease in our FMS earnings tracks back to significant reductions in FMS disbursements on FMS sales to Saudi Arabia.

DCMA hours worked in support of the National Aeronautical Space Administration (NASA) and associated DCMC reimbursable earnings are expected to decrease in the FY 2002 budget year.

#### II. Force Structure Summary: N/A

#### Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in thousands):

			FY 2001		
	A. Subactivities:	FY 2000	Budget	Current	FY 2002
		Actual	Request Appropriate	Estimate	Estimate
			d		
1.	Contract Management Services				
	Personnel Comp & Benefits	829,969		840,652	857,861
	Voluntary Separation Incentive	3,104		0	0
	Pay	14,574		13,982	14,103
	PCS	25,267		27,994	28,544
	Travel	14,976		13,359	13,504
	Training	9,161		9,982	11,755
	Information Svcs - DISA Tele				
	Communications	5,891		6,549	5,742
	Information Svcs - DISA	7,424		5,546	5,263
	Processing	65,831		76,213	76,533
	Finance and Accounting	976,197		994,277	1,013,30
	Services				5
2.	Other Operating Support Costs			4,614	
		8,277			6,970
3.	Subtotal			32,150	
		47,051			34,246
4.	DCMC Initiatives			0	
		3,414			0
5.	Infrastructure			0	
		22,415			0
	Contingency Operations Support				
	DLA Corporate Allocation				

#### III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in thousands)(con't):

Total		1,031,041	1,054,52
	1,057,354		1
Reimbursable Earnings	163,561	125,000	118,172
Operation and Maintenance	893,793	906,041	936,349
Total			

Footnote: FY00 actuals reflected in this submission are included in the Defense Logistics Agency FY00 base

В.	Reconciliation Summary:	Change	Change
		FY 2001 /	FY 2001/
		FY 2001	FY 2002
)			
1	1. Baseline Funding	0	906,041
1	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)		
1	Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)		
1	Congressional Earmarks Billpayer		
	Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
1	2. Subtotal Appropriated Amount	0	906,041
1	FY 2001 Rescission	-2,036	0
1	Approved Reprogrammings/Transfers	913,842	0
1	3. Price Change	0	29,178
1	4. Program Changes	-5,765	1,130
1	5. Current Estimate	906,041	936,349

c.	Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases:		
		(\$ in Th	ousands)
FY	2001 President's Budget Request		0
1.	Congressional Adjustment (Distributed) Total Congressional Adjustment (Distributed)		
2.	Congressional Adjustment (Undistributed) Total Congressional Adjustment (Undistributed)		
3.	Congressional Adjustments (General Provisions) Total Congressional Adjustments (General Provisions)		
4.	Congressional Earmarks Total Congressional Earmarks		
FY	2001 Appropriated Amount (subtotal)		0
5.	FY 2001 Rescission		-2,036
6.	Functional Transfers-In Transfer of funding from the Defense Logistics Agency associated with the establishment of the Defense Contract Management Agency Total Functional Transfers-In	913,842	913,842
7.	Program Decreases Reduction in civilian personnel funding due to the Restructuring of the Agency's workforce plan Total Program Decreases	-5,765	-5,765

#### C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases: (con't)

FY 2001 Current Estimate	906,041
8. Price Growth	29,178
9. Program Increases	
a. Increase in purchased equipment to fully fund the Agency's equipment replacement 3,878 requirements	
b. Increase in contracts associated with Command 2,356 initiatives	6,234
Total Program Increase	
10. Program Decreases  a. Reduction in civilian personnel funding -2,402  associated with FTE reductions and projected  changes in the average annual rate	
b. Decrease security services to reflect actual -7 funding level	
c. Decrease in mission travel funding -2,695 Total Program Decreases	-5,104
FY 2002 Budget Request	936,349

#### IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

The Draft FY 2002 Performance Contract contains eight goals for the DCMA that are associated with the Agency mission. The eight goals are as follows:

Cost Management - Reduce the cost per unit of output for contract administration by three percent annually from the FY 1998 baseline through improvements in productivity. DCMA has implemented a unit cost and activity-based management system. The forecast assumes stable contract workload and no major changes in delegation of contract authority from the military services.

Customer Responsiveness - Achieve a rating of five or greater, on a six point scale, on 90 percent of the responses on overall customer satisfaction. DCMA will conduct customer surveys each month. Primary customers to be surveyed are Acquisition Category I, II and III program managers, their respective Procurement Contracting Officers (PCOs), service logistics and item managers, and their respective PCOs. Problems identified in the surveys will be assessed for corrective action.

Contract Closeout - Improve the percentage of contracts closed out to eighty eight percent in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation/Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement goals. Much of the documentation required to close out contracts is provided by other organizations (i.e., Defense Contract Audit Agency, Defense Finance and Accounting Service, and program offices). To attain this goal, DCMA teams with these other organizations to work systemic issues that would otherwise delay closeout.

Canceling Funds - Ensure that eighty eight percent of canceling funds to not cancel. DCMA performs the canceling funds process to ensure that customers do not pay for prior contractual obligations with funds drawn from current year's obligations. To attain this goal, DCMA teams with DFAS and the program offices to work systemic problems arising from last minute adjustments.

#### IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (con't):

On-Time Delivery - Increase on-time deliveries by five percent per year. The baseline for this is the on-time rate at the start of FY 2000. DCMA is successfully engaging all customers in improving the entire end-to-end delivery management process.

DAWIA Certifications - Increase the personnel who are DAWIA certified to Level II to ninety percent and Level III to ninety-two percent. To achieve this DAU is providing DAWIA course opportunities to DCMA employees at or above the FY 2000 levels. DCMA receives travel funding from DAU at or above the FY 2000 levels to enable employee attendance at DAWIA classes.

Training Hours Per Employee - Achieve a benchmark standard of 40 training hours per employee per year.

Standard Procurement System (SPS) Transactions Tracking - Identify the number of actions created, and dollars obligated using the SPS. DCMA relies on the Services as well as other defense agencies to provide monthly data regarding SPS usage. DCMA assumes that the current levels of responsiveness from these organizations will continue.

V. Personnel Summary:	FY 2000	FY 2001	FY 2002	Change <u>FY 2000/</u> <u>FY 2001</u>	Change FY 2001/ FY 2002
Active Mil End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	626 529 97		625 528 97	0 0 0	-1 -1 0
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire (Reimbursable Civilians -Memo)	88 12,395 19		11,864 19	-529 -529 0 -529 0 -359	-2 -2 0 -2 0 -83
Active Mil FTEs (Total) Officer Enlisted		626 529 97		626 529 97	0 0 0
Civilian FTEs (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire (Reimbursable Civilians -Memo)	12,255 88 12,343 19		11,912 11,805 88 11,893 19 1,183	-272 -272 0 -272 0 -359	-178 0

Footnote: FY00 actuals reflected in this submission are included in the Defense Logistics Agency FY00 base

#### VI. OP 32 Line Items (Dollars in Thousands):

	C	hange FY:	2000/200	)1 (	hange FY	2001/200	)2
	FY 2000	Price	Prog	FY 2001	Price	Prog	FY 2002
	<u>Act</u>	<u>Growth</u>	<u>Growth</u>	<u>Est</u>	Growth	Growth	<u>Est</u>
Executive, General &							
Special Schedule	733,402	29,153	-18,355	744,200	26,977	-2,402	768,775
Wage Board	372	15	0	387	14	0	401
Foreign National Direct Hire	3,651	145	0	3,796	138	0	3,934
Separation Liability (FNDH)	45	2	0	47	2	0	49
Benefits to Former Employees	1,055	0	-929	126	0		126
Voluntary Separation Incentive Pay	3,104		-3,104		0	0	0
Disability Compensation Total Civilian	4,038	0	-62	3,976	0	0	3,976
Personnel Compensation	745,667	29,315	-22,450	752,532	27,131	-2,402	777,261
Travel Of Persons	29,686	356	2,244	32,286	517	-2,695	30,108
Total Travel	29,686	356	2,244	32,286	517	-2,695	30,108
DISA Information							
Services Communication Svcs	4,979	-314	538	5,203	-827	0	4,376
(DISA) Tier 2 Defense Finance &	7,994	-32	857	8,819	1,217	0	10,036
Accounting Svcs	6,479	317	-1,813	4,983	-234	0	4,749

VII. OP 32 Line Items (Dollars in Thousands) (Cont'd):

		Change	FY2000	/2001	Chang	e FY2001	/2002
	FY 2000	Price	Prog	FY 2001	Price	Prog	FY 2002
	Act	Growth	Growth	Est	Growth	Growth	Est
Communication Svcs (DISA) Tier 1	0	0	760	760	0	0	760
Defense Security Svc	0	0	461	461	7	-7	461
Total Purchases	19,452	-29	803	20,226	163	-7	20,382
Commercial Transportation	2,735	33	260	3,028	48	0	3,076
Total Transportation	2,735	33	260	3,028	48	0	3,076
Foreign National Indirect Hire (FNIH) SLUC (GSA Leases)	813 13,789	32 0	0 2,805		31 0	0	
Purchased Utilities (non fund) Purchased Communications	389	5	20	414	7	0	421
(non IF)	8,353	100	-25	8,428	135	0	8,563
Rents and Leases (non GSA)	815	10	657	1,482	24	0	1,506
Postal Service (U.S.P.S)	668	8	69	745	12	0	757
Supplies and Materials (non SF)	12,375	149	-1,759	10,765	172	0	10,937
Printing & Reproduction	382	5	177	564	9	0	573
Equipment Maintenance	847	10	68	925	15	0	940
Facility Maintenance	686	8	23	717	11	0	728
Equipment Purchases & COTS	26,882	323	-5,804	21,401	342	3,878	25,621

#### VI. OP 32 Line Items (Dollars in Thousands) (Cont'd):

		<u>Cha</u>	nge FY2	000/2001	<u>Char</u>	nge FY200	1/2002
	FY 2000	Price	Prog	FY 2001	Price	Prog F	Y 2002
	<u>Act</u>	<u>Growth</u>	Growth	<u>Est</u>	<u>Growth</u>	<u>Growth</u>	<u>Est</u>
Mngt & Professional Svcs	904	11	-23	892	14	0	906
Studies, Analysis, & Evaluation	676	8	-192	492	8	0	500
Other Contracts Foreign Currency	28,632	344	4,598	33,574	537	2,356	36,467
Variance		0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Costs	42	1	88	131	2	0	133
Total Other Purchases	96,253	1,014	702	97,969	1,319	6,2341	.05,522
Total	893,793	30,689	-18,441	906,041	29,178	1,130 9	36,349

Footnote: FY00 actuals reflected in this submission are included in the Defense Logistics Agency FY00 base

#### I. Description of Operations Financed:

The Standard Procurement System (SPS) program objective is deploying SPS to users in the functional area of defense contracting. There are approximately 43,000 users at approximately 1,100 sites worldwide, and the full operational capability threshold schedule date is the end of fourth quarter FY 2003. The purpose of SPS is to standardize the automated procurement functions across the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Defense Logistics Agency, Defense Contract Management Agency, and the other Defense Agencies. Over 745 sites and 20,894 personal computers were installed with SPS as of December 31, 2000. 17,949 users are formally trained and 16,207 are Component declared operational users. SPS provides Electronic Document Access and Electronic Data Interchange capabilities to meet paperless contracting goals.

The Program Office is responsible for: installation of the product (Procurement Defense Desktop (PD2)), licenses, training, enhancements to the Shared Data Warehouse (SDW), interfaces to the financial and other legacy systems, data conversion, and enhancements to the product to meet mission critical procurement functions.

The program decrease from FY 2000 to FY 2001 results from the realignment of funds from Operation and Maintenance to Research, Development, Test and Evaluation (RDT&E) and Procurement appropriations and the completion of most of the enhancement effort to the product. The realignment was necessary to conform to recent Information Technology budgeting policy. The decrease is also attributed to the completion of deployment to the base level contracting procurement community in FY 2000. The program now focuses on completing the remaining enhancements to fulfill weapon system and inventory control point procurement capabilities and the deployments to those communities to achieve full operational capability across DoD by end of FY 2003. In order to expand into these other DoD procurement communities, interfaces and data conversions must be created and achieved to connect with logistics and finance communities.

#### II. Force Structure Summary: N/A

### III.Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in thousands):

				FY 2001		
A.	Subactivities:	FY 2000	Budget		Current	FY 2002
		Estimate	Request A	appropriated	Estimate	Estimate
1.	Personnel Comp & Benefits	596			1,115	1,159
2.	Travel	412			425	432
3.	Processing Charges	789			895	909
4.	Supplies & Materials	110			26	26
5.	Equipment Maintenance	163			200	370
6.	Equipment Purchases &					
	Comm Off the Shelf	11,186			5,734	6,193
7.	Software Dev. & Maintenance	27,416			1,272	1,293
8.	Software Conversion	7,667			0	0
9.	Trng/Tstng/Studies &					
	Implementation	21,393			1,677	1,701
8.	Other Operating					
	Support Costs	397			498	499
То	tal	70,128			11,843	12,583

Footnote: FY00 actuals reflected in this submission are included in the Defense Logistics Agency FY00 base

### DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide FY 2002 Amended Budget Submission

#### Budget Activity 4: Standard Procurement System

В.	Reconciliation Summary:	Change FY 2001/2001	Change FY 2001/2002
1	1. Baseline Funding Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	0	11,843
1	Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed) Congressional Adjustments (General Provision) Adjustments to Meet Congressional Intent		
1	2. Subtotal Appropriated Amount FY 2001 Rescission	0	11,843
	Approved Reprogrammings/Transfers	11,843	
1	4. Price Change		55
1	5. Program Changes		685
1	6. Current Estimate	11,843	12,583
	C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases:	(\$ in Thou	sands)
	FY 2001 President's Budget Request		0
	1. Congressional Adjustment (Distributed) Total Congressional Adjustment (Distributed)		
	2. Congressional Adjustment (Undistributed) Total Congressional Adjustment (Undistributed)		
	3. Congressional Adjustments (General Provisions)		

4. Congressional Earmarks
Total Congressional Earmarks

FY 2001 Appropriated Amount (subtotal)

0

Total Congressional Adjustments (General Provisions)

#### C. Reconciliation of Increases and Decreases: (con't)

5. FY 2001 Rescission

6	Functional Transfers-In	
0.	ranceronar fransiers in	
	Transfer of funding from the Defense Logistics	11,843
	Agency associated with the establishment of the	
	Defense Contract Management Agency	
	Total Functional Transfers-In	

FY 2001 Current Estimate	11,843
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11,843

2. Price Change	55
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3.	Program Increases		
	a. Adjustment to Paid Days	4	
	b. Increase in product maintenance	367	
	c. Increase in maintenance of the Shared Data	167	
	Warehouse		
	d. Increase in estimated DISA processing costs	156	
	Total Program Increases		694
4.	Program Decreases		

Reduction in other	r support costs	-9
Total Program Decrea	ases	<b>-</b> 9

FY 2002 Budget Request	12,583
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#### IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

The SPS will prepare legacy procurement system users to operationally use SPS and enable retirement decisions to be made for the 14 designated major legacy systems. The SPS funding supports functional enhancement, installation, training, data conversion and interfaces to procurement users at approved sites.

The PMO collects deployment metrics to manage performance and work load data in these major categories: users, sites, and systems. The following table presents the performance parameters identified in the SPS Acquisition Program Baseline. The values represent the percent complete to Full Operational Capability (FOC).

FY	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Users	34%	48%	64%	88%	100%
Sites	42%	74%	87%	97%	100%
Systems	14%	29%	43%	64%	100%

With most sites reporting, from October 1999 through December 2000, SPS users have completed 400,000 contract awards/modifications totaling \$45 billion.

V. Personnel Summary:	FY	2000	FY	2001	FY	2002	Change <u>FY 2000/</u> <u>FY 2001</u>	Change <u>FY 2001/</u> <u>FY 2002</u>
Active Mil End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted		0		0		0	0	0
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire		5 5		9 9		9 9	4 4	0
Active Mil FTEs (Total) Officer Enlisted		0		0		0	0	0
Civilian FTEs (Total) U.S. Direct Hire		5 5		9 9		9 9	4 4	0

Footnote: FY00 actuals reflected in this submission are included in the Defense Logistics Agency FY00 base

#### VI. OP 32 Line Items (Dollars in Thousands):

		Cha	ange FY	2000/20	01	Change	e FY 200	1/2002	
		FY 2000	Price	Prog	FY 2001	Price	Prog	FY 2002	
		<u>Est</u>	<u>Growth</u>	Growth	Est	Growth	Growth	<u>Est</u>	
101	Executive, General &								
	Special Schedule	596	24	495	1,115	40	4	1,159	
103	Wage Board	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
199	Total Civilian								
	Personnel Compensation	596	24	495	1,115	40	4	1,159	
308	Travel Of Persons	412	6	7	425	7	0	432	
399	Total Travel	412	6	7	425	7	0	432	
C 4 7	DIGN To Francis !								
647	DISA Information	726	1.0	205	0.0.5	1 4 0	150	0.00	
600	Services	736			895				
699	Total Purchases	736	-46	205	895	-142	156	909	
920	Supplies and Materials								
720	(non SF)	110	2	-86	26	0	0	26	
	(Hell Bl)	110	_	0.0	20	· ·	Ü	20	
922	Equipment Maintenance	163	2	35	200	3	167	370	
925	Equipment Purchases &	103	_	33	200	J	10,	3,0	
, _ 0	COTS	11,186	168	-5,620	5,734	92	367	6,193	
		,_,		-,	· , · · · -			0, _0	
932	Mngt & Professional	359	5	-60	304	5	0	309	
	Svcs								
989	Other Contracts	56,566	849	-54,271	3,144	50	-9	3,185	
	Total Other Purchases	•		-	•			-	
	Total	•	•	-59,295	•			•	
Footno	te: FY00 actuals reflected in	•	•	•	•		Logistic		700 b

Footnote: FY00 actuals reflected in this submission are included in the Defense Logistics Agency FY00 base